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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/584,940	07/05/2006	Taku Ibuki	128601	1151
25944 OLIFF & BERI	7590 09/05/200 RIDGE, PLC	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 3208	350	VERBITSKY, GAIL KAPLAN		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320-4850			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2855	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/05/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commons	10/584,940	IBUKI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Gail Verbitsky	2855			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
	-· action is non-final.				
·—	,				
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
dissect in assertation with the practice and in E.	x parte quayre, 1000 0.D. 11, 10	0.0.2.0.			
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 01/03/07.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te			

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

DETAILED ACTION

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential steps, such omission amounting to a gap between the steps. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted steps are: in this case, the preamble is directed to estimating temperature; however, there are no steps of temperature estimation claimed in the body of the claims. How the temperature is estimated?

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In this case, A) the limitations including "under the assumption" makes the claim language confusing because it is not clear what applicant means. Perhaps applicant should replace, "under the assumption that" with –wherein—in claim 1, and "under the assumption that" with –when—in claim 2.

B) It appears from the claim language that the applicant does not distinguish between the heat transfer and thermal conductivity. Please clarify.

Claims 3-12 are rejected by virtue of their dependency on claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Teague, Jr. et al. (U.S. 2736167) [hereinafter Teague].

Teague discloses in Fig. 1 a device/ method in the field of applicant's endeavor wherein a stagnation temperature of a (substantially annular) combustion chamber obtained/ estimated at the entrance and exit of the combustion chamber (before and after). This would imply that the difference between two temperature is an indication of temperature loss by heat transfer/ heat conduction to the (inner) walls and/ or object/ substance (already existing gas in the chamber or cylinder interior gas) of the combustion chamber.

This would also imply, that if needed the heat transfer between them could be calculated based on the temperature and their heat conductivity properties.

It is inherent, that the heat conductivity is pressure dependent, because, as it is very

well known in the art, the heat conductivity is a property of a heat contact of the bodies, the better the contact (increased pressure), the greater the conductivity.

It is inherent, that the heat conductivity is speed dependent, the greater the speed the lesser the heat conductivity between the gases.

Claims 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Teague in view of Weber (U.S. 7032383).

Teague discloses the device/ method as stated above.

Teague does not explicitly teach that the flow is generated by a swirl.

Weber teaches that the flow in the combustion chamber could be generated by a swirl.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device disclosed by Teague, in order to generate the flow by a swirl, as already suggested by Weber and well known in the art, the swirl would enhance homogenous gas mixture and a desired speed.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The prior art cited in the PTO-892 and not mentioned above disclose related devices and methods.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gail Verbitsky whose telephone number is 571/272-2253. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 to 4:00 ET.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on 571/272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Gail Verbitsky Primary Patent Examiner, TC 2800

August 22, 2008

/Gail Verbitsky/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2855